

Review 7 relation of  $f, f', f''$

If  $f' > 0$ ,  $f$  increases

$f' < 0$ ,  $f$  decreases

$f'$  changes:  $+ \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow -$   $f$  has a max  
 $+ \rightarrow * \rightarrow -$  pointy max

$f'$  changes:  $- \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow +$   $f$  has a min  
 $- \rightarrow * \rightarrow +$  pointy min

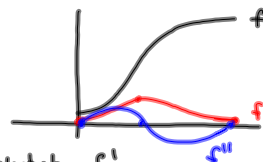
$f'$  doesn't change  $+ \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow +$  flat point  
 $- \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow -$

$f'' > 0$ ,  $f$  concave up

$f'' < 0$ ,  $f$  concave down

$f$  has an inflection pt.  $f''$  changes sign

Ex 1



a) sketch  $f'$

b) sketch  $f''$

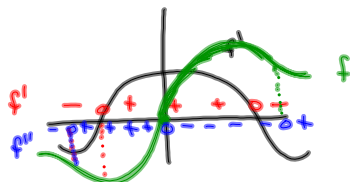
c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f' = ? 0$

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Ex 2 If  $f' = \cos(x^2)$  and  $f(0) = 0$   
 sketch a possible graph of  $f$  on  $[-2, 2]$ .

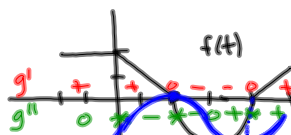
each ok



Ex 3.

$$g(x) = \int_2^x f(t) dt$$

$$g' = f$$



- where is  $g$  increasing? Decreasing?  
 $[-2, 2]$   $[4, 5]$   $[2, 4]$
- where is  $g$  concave up? Concave down?  
 $(3, 4)$   $(4, 5)$   $(0, 2)$   $(2, 3)$
- where does  $g$  have inflection pts?  $x = 3$
- sketch  $g$

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